Committee:	Dated:
Financial Investment Board	20 May 2021
Subject: Treasury Management Update as at 31 March	Public
2021	
Which outcomes in the City Corporation's Corporate	All
Plan does this proposal aim to impact directly?	
Does this proposal require extra revenue and/or	No
capital spending?	
If so, how much?	£N/A
What is the source of Funding?	N/A
Has this Funding Source been agreed with the	N/A
Chamberlain's Department?	
Report of: The Chamberlain	For Information
Report author:	
James Graham – Chamberlain's Department	

Summary

This report provides a summary of the City of London Corporation's treasury management portfolio (investments) as at 31 March 2021. The report includes an update on the current asset allocation of the short term investment portfolio and its performance and also includes the latest cash flow forecast. A monthly investment review report produced by the Corporation's treasury management consultants, Link Asset Services, is included at Appendix 2.

Recommendation

Members are asked to note the report.

Main Report

Background

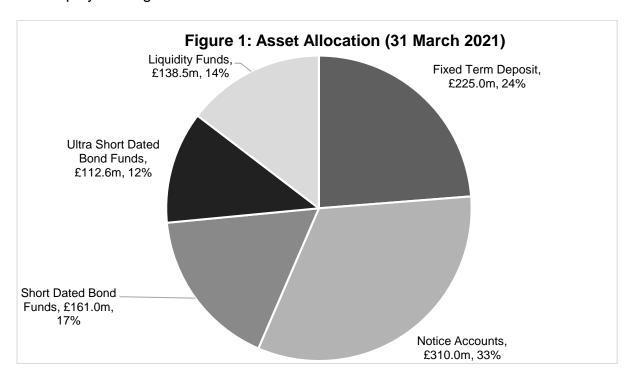
1. The Financial Investment Board receives an update on the treasury management portfolio at each meeting. At its meeting on 9 February 2021 the Board requested an update on the current cash flow forecast at its next meeting. Officers have compiled this report to provide additional context to the short term investment portfolio and the forecast for short term investments as at 31 March 2021.

Current Position

2. The treasury management investment portfolio had a market value of £947.1m as at 31 March 2021. This represents a net decrease in cash of £114.7m over the three-month period from 31 December 2020 (when the portfolio amounted to £1,061.8m), which is largely driven by the business rates retention system.

Asset Allocation

- 3. In accordance with the Treasury Management Strategy Statement 2021/22, surplus cash is invested first and foremost with the aim of securing the Corporation's financial assets and secondly in line with the organisation's liquidity requirements (i.e. ensuring the cash is available when needed to meet the Corporation's spending obligations). Once these two objectives have been satisfied, the Corporation targets the best returns available in the sterling money markets.
- 4. A summary of the asset allocation by instrument type as at 31 March 2021 is displayed in figure 1.

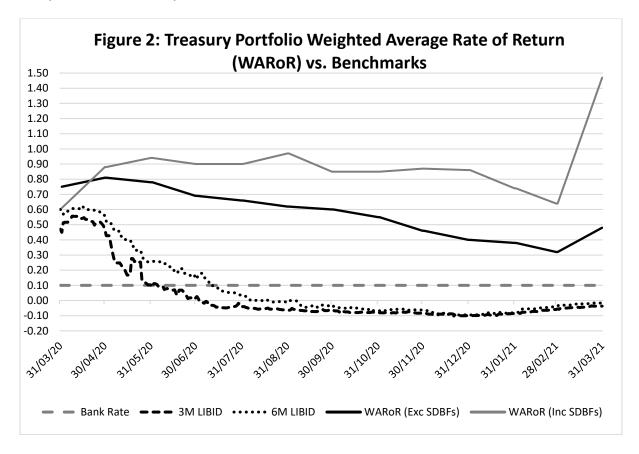


- 5. As at 31 March 2021, most of the Corporation's cash balances were invested on a short term (under one year) basis with eligible banks, building societies and local authorities via fixed term deposits (24%) and notice accounts (33%).
- 6. A further 14% was held in liquidity funds. These balances are very liquid and can be accessed on the day. 12% was invested in ultra-short dated bond funds. These instruments are also highly liquid (funds can be redeemed with two to three days' notice) but they are more volatile than liquidity funds. Ultra-short dated bond funds are suitable for surplus cash balances with an investment horizon of six months or more.
- 7. The remaining portion of the portfolio (17%) was invested in short dated bond funds at the reporting date. These funds are invested in investment grade credit instruments with an average duration of 2-3 years. Short dated bond funds can be volatile in the short term and should only be used for surplus cash balances with an investment horizon of at least two years.

8. Further analysis on the composition of the portfolio as at 31 March 2021 is provided in the Monthly Investment Report at Appendix 2. A summary of counterparty exposure is also included at Appendix 1.

Performance

9. The weighted average rate of return for the portfolio over the past 12 months is shown in figure 2 below. In this chart, the solid lines represent the level of returns achieved by the Corporation while the "dashed" lined represent suitable performance comparators.



- 10. Following the Bank of England's moves to reduce Bank Rate to 0.10% in March 2020, sterling money market returns have been on a declining trend for most of the past twelve months. This is indicated in figure 2 by the 3-month and 6-month London Interbank Bid Rate (LIBID) which both moved to as low as -0.10% in December. The benchmark rates have since recovered as economic prospects have improved and are currently at -0.4% and 0.1%, respectively as at the end of March.
- 11. The Corporation's short term investment portfolio has followed this trend (albeit with a lag) as existing, higher yielding deposits have matured and been replaced with new investments at a lower yield. This is visible in the weighted average return excluding short dated bond funds above (which omits the two longer-term short dated bond fund investments in the portfolio).

- 12. The average rate of return increased marginally in March as the Corporation reduced its holdings in lower-yielding liquidity fund investments to fund the cash flow requirements noted in paragraph 3 above.
- 13. As month-to-month returns from the ultra-short and short dated bond fund investments can be volatile, for these instruments, officers have used the trailing 12 month total return to 31 March 2021 in calculating the portfolio returns displayed in figure 2. The short dated bond funds have recovered strongly from the downturn in March 2020 as demonstrated by the sharp increase in the weighted average return including short dated bond funds (solid grey line) in March 2021 shown in figure 2 above.
- 14. To aid an effective assessment of performance, table 1 shows the historical return of the ultra-short and short dated bond fund investments on a total return basis over various time horizons under one year.

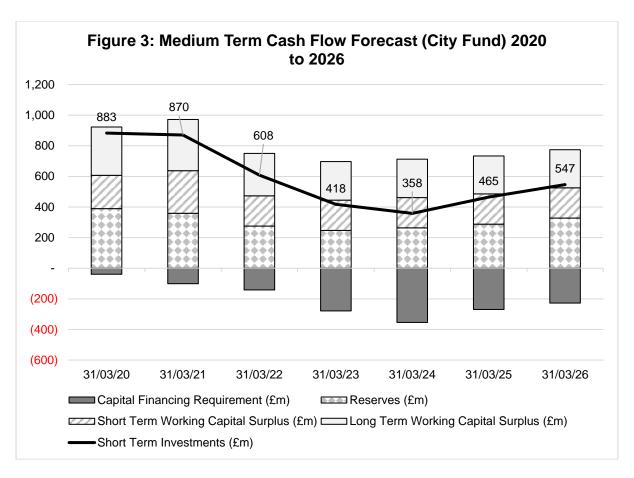
Table 1: Bond Fund Returns as at 31 March 2021

Fund	1 Month Return (28/02/2021 to 31/03/2021)	3 Month Return (31/12/2020 to 31/03/2021)	12 Month Return (31/03/2020 to 31/03/2021)
Federated Hermes Sterling Cash Plus Fund	-0.01%	-0.02%	0.27%
Aberdeen Standard Liquidity Fund Ultra Short Duration Sterling	0.04%	0.07%	1.15%
Payden Sterling Reserve Fund	0.07%	0.04%	2.76%
L&G Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund	0.05%	-0.55%	6.90%
Royal London Investment Grade Short Dated Credit Fund	0.66%	-0.43%	5.77%

15. The most conservative fund (Federated) is listed first in table 1 and the longer term investments (L&G and Royal London) are listed at the bottom to the table. All funds have produced positive returns over the year to the end of March 2021 and the two short dated bond funds managed by L&G and Royal London have performed very strongly. The short-dated bond funds gave some of their gains back early in Q1 as bond prices reduced in line with positive economic news.

Cash Flow Forecast

16. The City Fund's medium-term cash flow forecast is shown below in figure 3. City Fund's cash investments amount to £870m as at 31 March 2021, or 92% of the total cash under management in the treasury portfolio at that time. The remainder belongs to City's Cash (1%), Bridge House Estates (3%) and other bodies (4%).



- 17. Cash investments (represented by the black line in figure 3) are expected to be below historic levels over the next few years before recovering towards the end of the forecast period.
- 18. The chart shows the balance sheet activity that is driving the forecast (represented by the stacked columns in figure 3). As the capital programme advances, the borrowing requirement (or capital financing requirement) will increase. The above forecast currently assumes that there will be no external borrowing and therefore that this requirement will be met from the temporary use of internal resources (internal borrowing). At the same time, cash-backed reserves are also expected to be smaller in the next few years which will reduce short term investment balances.
- 19. The City Fund has historically maintained a short-term working capital surplus (i.e. current liabilities have exceeded current debtors) and the forecast assumes that this will persist in future. The long-term working capital surplus is comprised of cash that has been received by the organisation, but which is released over time as income (largely lease premiums and capital grants and contributions received in advance). Taken together short- and long-term working capital surpluses are expected to support cash balances over the forecast period.
- 20. While this forecast is based on the City Fund's current financial plans it includes several assumptions and it is unlikely that actual cash balances will materialise exactly as forecast. In particular, Members should note the following:

- Historically planned capital expenditure has been subject to re-profiling ("slippage"). If the City Fund's current capital spending plans are re-profiled during the forecast period then the forecast will shift to the right.
- The forecast will need to be continually updated in line with the medium-term financial planning process and the Corporation's financial decisions.
- The draft statement of accounts for 2020/21 is currently being prepared, and once finalised, officers will be able to update the forecast with a more accurate reading of the balance sheet as at 31 March 2021.
- Officers also expect to make methodological improvements to the forecast calculation to improve its accuracy.

Conclusion

21. This report has provided a summary of the City of London Corporation's treasury management portfolio (investments) as at 31 March 2021. Cash is invested across a range of counterparties and instruments in accordance with the Corporation's Treasury Management Strategy Statement 2021/22. Returns have been driven by the prevailing rates available in the sterling money markets, which in turn are dominated by an ultra-low interest rate environment. Performance from the ultra- and short dated bond fund investments has been positive over the year to date despite some negative returns in the past three months. The City Fund's short term investment balances are forecast to decline gradually over the next few years before increasing again towards the end of the medium-term forecast period. The forecast is highly contingent on the pace of the capital programme.

Appendices

Appendix 1: Counterparty Exposure as at 31 March 2021
Appendix 2: Monthly Investment Analysis Review March 2021

Background Papers

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APPENDIX 1: COUNTERPARTY EXPOSURE AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Counterparty Limit	Total Invested as at 31-Mar-21	Average Rate of Return
	£M	£M	%
TOTAL INVESTED		947.1	<u>1.47</u> %
FIXED TERM DEPOSITS			
<u>UK BANKS</u>			
Barclays	100.0	20.0	0.19%
Goldman Sachs	100.0	20.0	0.13%
Lloyds	150.0	40.0	0.10%
NatWest	100.0	95.0	0.26%
	-	175.0	
BUILDING SOCIETIES			
Leeds	20.0	20.0	0.10%
Skipton	20.0	5.0	0.35%
	- -	25.0	
FOREIGN BANKS			
Australia & New Zealand	100.0	10.0	0.12%
	- -	10.0	
LOCAL AUTHORITIES			
LB Waltham Forest	25.0	5.0	0.33%
Stockport City Council	25.0	10.0	0.10%
	- -	15.0	
LIQUIDITY FUNDS			
Aberdeen SLI Liquidity Fund	100.0	26.5	0.01%
CCLA - Public Sector Deposit Fund	100.0	44.0	0.04%
Deutsche Global Liquidity Fund	100.0	8.8	0.00%
Federated Prime Liquidity Fund	100.0	15.4	0.01%
Invesco Sterling Liquidity Fund	100.0	43.8	0.02%
	-	138.5	
ULTRA SHORT DATED BOND FUNDS			
Payden Sterling Reserve Fund	100.0	61.9	2.75%
Aberdeen SLI Short Duration Fund	100.0	25.4	1.15%
Federated Sterling Cash Plus Fund	100.0	25.4	0.27%
Ç	- -	112.6	
SHORT DATED BOND FUNDS			
L&G	100.0	80.6	6.90%
Royal London	100.0	80.4	5.77%
•	-	161.0	
	-		

	Counterparty Limit	Total Invested as at 31-Mar-21	Average Rate of Return
	£M	£M	%
NOTICE ACCOUNTS			
Australia and New Zealand 185 Days Accou	100.0	90.0	0.40%
Goldman Sachs 185 Days Account	100.0	20.0	0.24%
Goldman Sachs 185 Days Account	100.0	20.0	0.23%
Goldman Sachs 185 Days Account	100.0	20.0	0.23%
Goldman Sachs 270 Days Account	100.0	20.0	0.53%
Lloyds 95 Days Account	150.0	40.0	0.05%
Santander 95 Days Account	100.0	20.0	0.40%
Santander 180 Days Account	100.0	30.0	0.58%
Santander 365 Days Account	100.0	50.0	0.68%
	-	310.0	
TOTAL	-	947.1	